

State of West Virginia DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Office of Inspector General Board of Review 2699 Park Avenue, Suite 100 Huntington, WV 25704

Earl Ray Tomblin Governor Michael J. Lewis, M.D., Ph. D. Cabinet Secretary

August 31, 2011

----------Dear -----:

Attached is a copy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law on the SNAP Administrative Disqualification Hearing held August 30, 2011, for the purpose of determining whether an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) was committed by you.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

Eligibility for SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamp Program, is based on current policy and regulations. Some of these regulations state as follows: Intentional Program Violations shall consist of having intentionally: (1) made a false or misleading statement or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts or (2) committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute relating to the use presentation, transfer, acquisition, receipt or possession of Food Stamp coupons. Individuals found to have committed an act of Intentional Program Violation will be ineligible for a specified time determined by the number of previous Intentional Program Violation disqualifications. (West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.2; Code of Federal Regulations 7 CFR §273.16)

Information submitted at the hearing reveals that you intentionally concealed facts about your household composition in order to receive SNAP benefits for which you were not entitled.

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer that an Intentional Program Violation was committed by you and a disqualification penalty of one (1) year will be applied. Your disqualification from SNAP will begin effective October 1, 2011.

Sincerely,

Todd Thornton State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

cc: Erika H. Young, Chairman, Board of Review Cassandra Burns, Department Representative

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

IN RE: ----,

Defendant,

v. ACTION NO.: 11-BOR-1196

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES,

Movant.

DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER

I. INTRODUCTION:

This is a report of the State Hearing Officer resulting from an Administrative Disqualification Hearing concluded on August 31, 2011, for ----. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in the Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. This hearing was convened on August 30, 2011.

II. PROGRAM PURPOSE:

The purpose of SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamp Program, is to provide an effective means of utilizing the nation's abundance of food "to safeguard the health and well-being of the nation's population and raise levels of nutrition among low-income households." This is accomplished through the issuance of EBT benefits to households who meet the eligibility criteria established by the Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

Cassandra Burns, Department representative

Presiding at the Hearing was Todd Thornton, State Hearing Officer and a member of the State Board of Review.

IV. QUESTION TO BE DECIDED:

The question to be decided is whether or not the Defendant committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) and should be disqualified for a specified period from participation in SNAP.

V. APPLICABLE POLICY:

Code of Federal Regulations, 7 CFR §273.16 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.2; Chapter 9.1.A.2.h

VI. LISTING OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ADMITTED:

Department's Exhibits:

- D-1 Code of Federal Regulations, 7 CFR §273.16
- D-2 Benefit recovery referral screen print
- D-3 Food Stamp Claim Determination form; Food Stamp Claim Calculation Sheets; SNAP Issuance History screen print; Food Stamp Allotment Determination screen prints; Case members history screen print
- D-4 Combined Application and Review Form (CAF) dated August 12, 2010; Rights and Responsibilities form dated August 12, 2010
- D-5 Combined Application and Review Form (CAF) dated August 20, 2010; Rights and Responsibilities form dated August 20, 2010; E-mail print
- D-6 Case comments screen prints
- D-7 State of benefits verification
- D-8 School verification
- D-9 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 1.2.E
- D-10 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.2
- D-11 West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 20.6
- D-12 Notification of Intent to Disqualify; Waiver of Administrative Disqualification Hearing

VII. FINDINGS OF FACT:

- The Department is alleging an act of Intentional Program Violation, or IPV, in the Defendant's case, due to concealing facts regarding his household composition, affecting the Defendant's eligibility for SNAP, formerly known as the Food Stamp Program.
- 2) The hearing convened as scheduled at 10:45 a.m., and as of 11:00 a.m., the Defendant failed to appear. As set forth in regulations (7 CFR §273.16(e)(4)), and State Policy

- 3) The Code of Federal Regulations, 7 CFR §273.16(c), defines an IPV as:
 - (c) Definition of intentional Program violation. Intentional Program violations shall consist of having intentionally:
 - (1) made a false or misleading statement, or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts; or
 - (2) committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of coupons, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of an automated benefit delivery system (access device).
- 4) The Department presented Combined Application and Review Forms (CAF) and Rights and Responsibilities forms (Exhibits D-4 and D-5) from an August 12, 2010 interview for SNAP eligibility and an August 20, 2010 interview affecting SNAP eligibility. These forms list ----- the Defendant's son as present in the household.
- The Department presented school verification (Exhibit D-8) from Elementary that indicated that -----was never a student at their school, nor at any school in County, West Virginia.
- The Department presented an e-mail communication (Exhibit D-7) between Cassandra Burns investigator for the Department and an employee of the Department of Children and Families, documenting that -----received benefits in the state of from August 1, 2010 through the verification date of November 17, 2010. The e-mail stated that the child is active in his mother's case.
- 7) The Department presented documentation (Exhibit D-3) showing the calculation of the SNAP over issuance claim resulting from incorrect household composition. A claim was determined between August 2010 and September 2010 totaling \$273.00. The Department additionally confirmed that the Defendant has no prior IPV offenses, and that the proposed IPV would be a first offense.

8) The West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 9.1.A.2.h, states:

h. Intentional Program Violation (IPV)

Persons who have been found guilty of an IPV are disqualified as follows:

- 1st offense: 1 year

- 2nd offense: 2 years

- 3rd offense: Permanent

VIII. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The Department clearly established that the Defendant withheld information regarding his household composition. Verification showed that the Defendant's son was not attending school in the county in which the Defendant resides, and that the Defendant's son was listed as actively receiving benefits in his mother's case in The Department additionally showed that the error resulting from this incorrect information from the Defendant resulted in a SNAP over issuance claim totaling \$273.00.

2) The Department also clearly established the intent of the Defendant to provide misleading information to receive SNAP benefits for which he would not have otherwise been entitled. The Defendant falsely reported his son in his home during two separate eligibility interviews. The Department was correct in its determination that an IPV was committed by the Defendant.

IX. DECISION:

Intentionally withholding, concealing, or providing misleading facts to secure SNAP benefits constitutes a clear violation of the regulations. Based on the evidence presented, I find the violation intentional.

The Agency's proposal to apply a SNAP disqualification is **upheld**. The Defendant will be disqualified from participation in SNAP for a period of twelve (12) months to begin effective October 1, 2011.

X. RIGHT OF APPEAL:

See Attachment

ATTACHMENTS:
The Defendant's Recourse to Hearing Decision
Form IG-BR-29
ENTERED this Day of August, 2011.
Todd Thornton
State Hearing Officer

XI.